

# Homework 3

Theory of Numbers (Fall 2014)  
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Due Date: Monday, October 20, 2014

## Questions

1. Compute  $7^{713} \pmod{4}$ . Compute  $7^{713} \pmod{25}$ .  
Use this to compute the last two digits of  $7^{713}$  (in base 10). Show your work.

2. Find all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$  which satisfy:

$$\begin{aligned}n &\equiv 2 \pmod{7} \\n \cdot 4 &\equiv 5 \pmod{9} \\n \cdot 7 &\equiv 6 \pmod{23}.\end{aligned}$$

Show your work.

3. Compute  $\phi(425)$ . Show your work.
4. There are infinitely many lightbulbs  $B_1, B_2, B_3, \dots$ . Each bulb can be either on or off. Initially they are all off.

Every time-step, some of them will get toggled (they change from on to off or from off to on), according to the following rules.

- At the first time-step, all the bulbs  $B_1, B_2, B_3, \dots$  are toggled. (So they are all on after this time step.)
- At the second time-step, the bulbs  $B_2, B_4, B_6, \dots$  are toggled. (So only the odd numbered bulbs are on after this time step.)
- ... (and so on ...)
- In general, at the  $i$ th time-step, the bulbs  $B_i, B_{2i}, B_{3i}, \dots$  are toggled.
- ... (and so on ...)

This process goes on forever.

Which bulbs eventually stay on forever? Prove your answer.

5. Compute a few values, and then guess and prove formulas for:
  - $0^n \pmod{7}$
  - $1^n \pmod{7}$
  - $2^n \pmod{7}$
  - $3^n \pmod{7}$

- $4^n \bmod 7$
- $5^n \bmod 7$
- $6^n \bmod 7$

6. BONUS: How would you choose  $n \leq 1000$  so as to minimize  $\frac{\phi(n)}{n}$ ?