

- Today's lecture will assume you have watched videos 12.9,12.10

**For Monday's lecture, watch videos 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.7**

# Warm up: convergent or $\infty$ ?

1.  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$

2.  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

3.  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} dx$

4.  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2} dx$

5.  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

6.  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} dx$

7.  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{3}{x^2} dx$

# True or False?

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , and let  $f$  and  $g$  be continuous functions defined on  $[a, \infty)$ .

Assume that  $\forall x \geq a, \quad 0 \leq f(x) \leq g(x)$ .

What can we conclude?

① IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x) dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x) dx$  is convergent.

② IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x) dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x) dx = \infty$ .

③ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x) dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x) dx$  is convergent.

④ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x) dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x) dx = \infty$ .

## True or False? – Part 2

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , and let  $f$  and  $g$  be continuous functions defined on  $[a, \infty)$ .

Assume that  $\boxed{\forall x \geq a, \quad f(x) \leq g(x)}$ .

What can we conclude?

① IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx$  is convergent.

② IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx = \infty$ .

③ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx$  is convergent.

④ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx = \infty$ .

## True or False? – Part 3

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , and let  $f$  and  $g$  be continuous functions defined on  $[a, \infty)$ .

Assume that  $\exists M \geq a$  such that  $\forall x \geq M, 0 \leq f(x) \leq g(x)$ .

What can we conclude?

① IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx$  is convergent.

② IF  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx = \infty$ .

③ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx$  is convergent, THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx$  is convergent.

④ IF  $\int_a^\infty g(x)dx = \infty$ , THEN  $\int_a^\infty f(x)dx = \infty$ .

# A simple BCT application

We want to determine whether  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x + e^x} dx$  is convergent or divergent.

We can try at least two comparisons:

- 1 Compare  $\frac{1}{x}$  and  $\frac{1}{x+e^x}$ .
- 2 Compare  $\frac{1}{e^x}$  and  $\frac{1}{x+e^x}$ .

Try both. What can you conclude from each one of them?

What about  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x + e^x} dx$  ?

# BCT calculations

Use the BCT to determine whether each of the following is convergent or divergent

$$\textcircled{1} \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{x^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\textcircled{2} \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{x^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\textcircled{3} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\arctan x^2}{1 + e^x} dx$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int_2^{\infty} \frac{(\ln x)^{10}}{x^2} dx$$