- Today: FTC Part 1.
- Homework before Wednesday's class: watch videos 8.5, 8.6.
- Test 3 will take place on Friday, February 10, 4-6pm, see details on Quercus.

True, False, or Shrug?

We want to find a function H with domain \mathbb{R} such that H(1) = -2 and such that $H'(x) = e^{\sin x}$ for all x. Decide whether each of the following statements is true, false, or we do not have enough information to decide.

1.
$$\forall C \in \mathbb{R}$$
, the function $H(x) = \int_0^x e^{\sin t} dt + C$ is a solution.
2. $\exists C \in \mathbb{R}$ s.t. the function $H(x) = \int_0^x e^{\sin t} dt + C$ is a solution.

3. The function
$$H(x) = \int_0^x e^{\sin t} dt$$
 is a solution.

4. The function
$$H(x) = \int_{1}^{x} e^{\sin t} dt - 2$$
 is a solution.

5. There is more than one solution.

6. The function
$$H(x) = \int_2^x e^{\sin t} dt$$
 is a solution.

Compute the derivative of the following functions

1.
$$F_1(x) = \int_0^1 e^{-t^2} dt$$
.
2. $F_2(x) = \int_0^x e^{-\sin t} dt$.
3. $F_3(x) = \int_1^{x^2} \frac{\sin t}{t^2} dt$.
5. $F_5(x) = \int_{2x}^{x^2} \frac{1}{1+t^3} dt$.

Exercise

Let f, u, v be differentiable functions with domain \mathbb{R} . Let us call

$$F(x) = \int_{u(x)}^{v(x)} f(t) dt$$

Find a formula for

in terms of f, u, v, f', u', v'.

Assume f is a continuous function that satisfies, for every $x \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$\int_0^x e^t f(t) dt = \frac{\sin x}{x^2 + 1}$$

Find an explicit expression for f(x).

Use FTC-1 to prove that, for every x > 0

$$\int_0^x \frac{dt}{1+t^2} + \int_0^{1/x} \frac{dt}{1+t^2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

What happens for x < 0?