• Today: Asymptotes.

• Tomorrow: review videos 6.13 - 6.18.

Reminder: Find the coordinates of P



Construct a function f that satisfies all the following conditions at the same time.

- *f* is a rational function (this means it is a quotient of polynomials).
- The line y = 1 is an asymptote of the graph of f.
- The line x = -1 is an asymptote of the graph of f.

The function tanh, defined by

$$\tanh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}},$$

is called the "hyperbolic tangent".

- 1. Find its two asymptotes
- 2. Study its monotonicity
- 3. Study its concavity
- 4. With this information, sketch its graph.

Find the two asymptotes of the function

$$F(x) = x + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$$

Hint: The behaviour as $x \to \infty$ is very different from $x \to -\infty$.

Backwards graphing

This is the graph of y = R(x). R is a rational function (a quotient of polynomials). Find its equation.



A function with fractional exponents

Let
$$h(x) = \frac{x^{2/3}}{(x-1)^{2/3}}$$
. Its first two derviatives are
 $h'(x) = \frac{-2}{3x^{1/3}(x-1)^{5/3}}$ $h''(x) = \frac{2(6x-1)}{9x^{4/3}(x-1)^{8/3}}$

- 1. Find all asymptotes of h
- 2. Study the monotonicity of h and local extrema
- 3. Study the concavity of h and inflection points
- 4. With this information, sketch the graph of h