MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 *Calculus!*

Related rates & Derivatives of exp and log



Estimations

We know

$$f(0) = 2$$
, $f'(0) = 3$, $g(0) = 7$, $g'(0) = 6$.

Compute
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$
.

2 We know

f(0) = 0, f'(0) = 3, g(0) = 0, g'(0) = 6.

When x is close to 0, give estimates for f(x) and g(x).

Then compute $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$.

For (next)×2 week

For Monday (Nov 12), watch the videos:

• Inverse functions: 4.1, 4.2

For Wednesday (Nov 14), watch the videos:

- One-to-one functions: 4.3, 4.4, 4.5
- Inverse trig functions: 4.6, 4.7, 4.8



Jean-Baptiste Campesato MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 – Calculus! – Dec 25, 2018

Warm up

Compute the derivative of the following functions using that $\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$ and $\frac{d}{dx}\ln(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. **1** $f(x) = a^x$

- $f(x) = \log_a(x)$
- $f(x) = e^{\sin x + \cos x} \ln x$
- $f(x) = \pi^{\tan x} + \sqrt{e^x}$
- $f(x) = \ln \left(e^x + \ln(\ln(\ln(x))) \right)$

6
$$f(x) = e^{\sin(x) + x^3}$$

7
$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(e^x + x^2)}{x^2 + 1}$$

Compute the derivative of

$$f(x) = \log_{x+1}(x^2 + 1)$$

Occupie the derivative of

$$g(x) = x^{\tan x}.$$

Ompute the derivative of

$$h(x) = (\sin x)^{\cos x} + (\cos x)^{\sin x}$$

Two ants are taking a nap. The first one is resting at the tip of the minute hand of a cuckoo clock, which is 25 cm long. The second one is resting at the tip of the hour hand, which is half the length. At what rate is the distance between the two ants changing at 3:30?

Jean-Baptiste Campesato MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 – Calculus! – Dec 25, 2018 6

Jean-Baptiste Campesato MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 – Calculus! – Dec 25, 2018

Make this function differentiable

Find $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ such that the following function is differentiable on $(0, +\infty)$:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1\\ ax^2 + bx + 1 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

Computations!¹

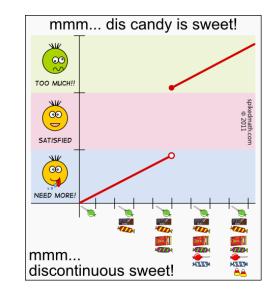
Compute the derivatives of the following functions:

- 1 $f(x) = \tan(3x^2 + 1)$
- $f(x) = x(\sin 2x)(\tan 3x)$
- $f(x) = \cos(\sin(\tan x))$

4
$$f(x) = \cos\left(3x + \sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x^2}\right)$$

¹This slide was not used during the class. You can use it to train yourself.

We drop a pebble into a lake. It produces a circular ripple. When the radius is 2 meters and is increasing at a rate of 10cm/s, at what rate is the area increasing?



²This slide was not used during the class. You can use it to train yourself.

Jean-Baptiste Campesato MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 – Calculus! – Dec 25, 2018 9

Jean-Baptiste Campesato MAT137Y1 – LEC0501 – Calculus! – Dec 25, 2018 10