

IVT AND EVT



UNIVERSITY OF  
TORONTO

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# For next week

For Monday (Oct 22), watch the videos:

- Differentiation rules: 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9

For Wednesday (Oct 24), watch the videos:

- The chain rule: 3.10

# Definition of maximum

Let  $f$  be a function with domain  $I$ .

Which one (or ones) of the following is (or are) a definition of “ $f$  has a maximum on  $I$ ”?

- 1  $\forall x \in I, \exists C \in \mathbb{R}, f(x) \leq C$
- 2  $\exists C \in I, \forall x \in I, f(x) \leq C$
- 3  $\exists C \in \mathbb{R}, \forall x \in I, f(x) \leq C$
- 4  $\exists C \in \mathbb{R}, \forall x \in I, f(x) < C$
- 5  $\exists a \in I$  s.t.  $\forall x \in I, f(x) \leq f(a)$
- 6  $\exists a \in I$  s.t.  $\forall x \in I, f(x) < f(a)$

# The challenge from the video

Find a function with domain  $(0, 1]$  such that:

- 1  $f$  is continuous on  $(0, 1]$
- 2  $f$  has no max on  $(0, 1]$
- 3  $f$  has no min on  $(0, 1]$

# The challenge from the video

Find a function with domain  $(0, 1]$  such that:

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- 2  $f$  has no max on  $(0, 1]$
- 3  $f$  has no min on  $(0, 1]$

The assumptions of the EVT are that:

- $f$  is **continuous**
- on an interval  $[a, b]$  (**closed** at both sides).

In each of the following cases, does the function  $f$  have a maximum and a minimum on the interval  $I$ ?

1  $f(x) = x^2, \quad I = (-1, 1)$

2  $f(x) = \frac{(e^x + 2) \sin x}{x} - \cos x + 3, \quad I = [2, 6]$

3  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(e^x + 2) \sin x}{x} - \cos x + 3 & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 5 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}, \quad I = [-2, 2]$

Prove that the equation

$$x^4 - 2x = 100$$

has at least two solutions.

Prove the following claim:

## Claim

Let  $f$  be a function continuous on  $\mathbb{R}$ .

If for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x)^2 = 1$ ,  
then either  $f = 1$  or  $f = -1$ .