

## SOME LIMIT COMPUTATIONS

October 15<sup>th</sup>, 2018

## Computations!

Using that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$ , compute the following limits:

$$1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin e^x}{e^x}$$

$$2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x}$$

$$5 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x}$$

$$3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^2(2x^2)}{x^4}$$

$$6 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^{10}(2x^{20})}{\sin^{200}(3x)}$$

## For next lecture

For Wednesday (Oct 17), watch the videos:

- IVT and EVT: 2.21, 2.22
- Definition of a derivative: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3

## Limits at infinity

Compute:

$$1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^7 - 2x^5 + 11)$$

$$4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x + 3}{3x^2 + 4x + 5}$$

$$2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 - \sqrt{x^5 + 1})$$

$$5 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + \sqrt{2x^6 + 1}}{2x^3 + \sqrt{x^5 + 1}}$$

$$3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 11}{x + 1}$$

$$6 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(2x + 7) \cos(x^2) + \cos^2(4 - x^3)}{x}$$

Compute:

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{3 - 2x - x^2} \quad \textcircled{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 9}{3 - 2x - x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \left( \sqrt{1 + x + x^2} - 1 \right) \quad \textcircled{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin^2(x)}{1 + \cos(x)}$$