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$$T_0 = \epsilon \mu^{-1}$$

$$C\mu^{-1}|\xi_{free}| \leq C\mu^{-1}T_1 = \epsilon \varrho \varrho = |\xi_{free}| |t| T_1 = \epsilon \varrho |\log \varrho|^2(l, \sigma) \succeq (1, 2)$$

$$\{|\xi_{free}| \geq \bar{\varrho}\}^{1-d} \int |\log \varrho|^{-\sigma} d\varrho^q \leq Ch^{1-d-d} \int \left(\frac{h}{\varrho}\right)^l |\log \frac{h}{\varrho}|^{-\sigma} d\varrho^q \leq Ch^{1-d}(l, \sigma) = (1, 2)q = 1(l, \sigma) = (1, 1)q \geq 2\varrho^q \{\varrho \leq |\xi_{free}|\}$$

$$\{\xi_{free} \leq \bar{\varrho}\}$$

$$T_1 = \epsilon \mu^{-1} \varepsilon = C\mu h |\log h|$$

$$C\mu h^{1-d} \bar{\varrho}^q$$

$$q = 1Ch^{1-d}\mu \leq h^{-\frac{1}{3}} |\log h|^{-\frac{1}{3}} q = 2Ch^{1-d}\mu \leq h^{-\frac{1}{2}} |\log h|^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Theorem 3 Let either $q = 1$, $V \in C^{1,2}$ or $q \geq 2$, $V \in C^{1,1}$. Then the following estimate holds $-\int (e(x, x, \tau) - E^{MW}(x, \tau))$
 $Ch^{1-d} + C(\mu h)^{\frac{q}{2}+1} h^{-d}$. In particular, for $q = 1$, $\mu \leq h^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ and $q \geq 2$, $\mu \leq h^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ sharp remainder estimate $O(h^{1-d})$ holds.

$$\varrho \leq (\mu h |\log h|)^{1/2} T = h\varepsilon^{-1} |\log h|$$

Theorem 4 Let either $q = 1$, $V \in C^{l,\sigma}$ or $q \geq 2$, $V \in C^{1,1}$. Let non-degeneracy condition (7) be fulfilled. Then the following
 $Ch^{1-d} + C(\mu h)^{\frac{q}{2}+l} |\log h|^{l-\sigma} h^{-d}$. In particular, for $q = 1$, $l = 3/2$, $\sigma = 1/2$, $\mu \leq h^{-\frac{1}{2}} |\log h|^{-1/2}$ sharp remainder estimate C
 $d = 2$

$$d = 3 \sum_{m+k+j \geq 1} \mu^{2-2k-2m-2j} a_{m,k,j}(x_2, x_3, \mu^{-1} h D_2) \times$$

$$(h^2 D_1^2 + \mu^2 x_1^2)^m (h D_3)^{2j}.$$

$$\varepsilon a_*(x_2, \xi_2) \varepsilon \mu^{-1} h \varepsilon^2 \geq C\mu^{-1} h |\log h|$$

$$H_0 H x'' \mapsto \mu^{-1} h \xi'' x'' x = (x'; x''; x''') = (x_1, \dots, x_r; x_{r+1}, \dots, x_{2r}; x_{2r+1}, \dots, x_d) H \sum_{1 \leq j \leq r} (h^2 D_j^2 + \mu^2 (\xi_{j+r} - f_j x_j)^2) + \dots$$

$$V(x', \mu^{-1} h D \xi'', x''').$$

$$x'_{new} = \mu (\Phi^{-\frac{1}{2}} x' - \Phi^{\frac{1}{2}} \xi'') \phi = \text{diag}(f_1^{-1}, \dots, f_r^{-1}) \sum_{1 \leq j \leq r} f_j (\mu^2 h^2 D_j^2 + x_j^2) + \sum_{1 \leq k \leq q} h^2 D_{2r+k}^2 +$$

$$V(\mu^{-1} \Phi^{\frac{1}{2}} x' + \Phi x'', \mu^{-1} h D'', x''') \xi'' x''$$

$$\tau \leq c|x'| \leq C_0 \sum_{1 \leq j \leq r} f_j (\mu^2 h^2 D_j^2 + x_j^2) + \sum_{1 \leq k \leq q} h^2 D_{2r+k}^2 +$$

$$V(\Phi x'', \mu^{-1} h D'', x''').$$

$$(\mu h)^{-\frac{1}{2}} x'$$

$$\bullet q = 0 \mu^{-1} h O(\mu h^{1-d}) \alpha V_\alpha \equiv \tau H_\alpha \mu^r h^{-r} \asymp (\mu h)^{-r} |\alpha| \geq C(\mu h)^{-1} H_\alpha$$

$$H_\alpha O(\mu^{r-1} h^{1-r}) O(\mu^{r-1} h^{1-r} \times (\mu h)^{-r}) = O(\mu^{-1} h^{1-d}) \bullet q \geq 1 \ddot{\alpha} x''' \mu^{-1} h x'' q l O(h^{1-q} \times \mu^r h^r) O(h^{-q} \times \mu^r h^r) O(h^{1-d}) \asymp h^{-d}$$

$$H \mu^{-1} \Phi^{\frac{1}{2}} x' V \mu^{-1}$$

$$V(\mu^{-1} \Phi^{\frac{1}{2}} x' + \Phi x'', \mu^{-1} h D'', x''') x' O(\mu^{-l} |\log \mu|^{-\sigma}) \varepsilon = C\mu^{-1}$$

$$x' e^{-i\mu^{-1} h^{-1} L} e^{i\mu^{-1} h^{-1} L} L = L(x'', x''', \mu^{-1} h D''; x', \mu h D') \mu^{-1} h^{-1} [H^0, L] + \dots H^0 = \sum_{1 \leq j \leq r} f_j (\mu^2 h^2 D_j^2 + x_j^2) L = \sum_{1 \leq j \leq r}$$

$$\mu^{-2} x' \mu^{-1} h D'$$

$$e^{-i\mu^{-2} h^{-1} L} e^{i\mu^{-2} h^{-1} L} \sum_j b_j(x'', x''', \mu^{-1} h D'', h D''') (\mu^2 h^2 D_j^2 + x_j^2) +$$

$$\sum_{j \neq k, f_j = f_k} \left(b'_{jk}(x'', x''', \mu^{-1} h D'', h D''') (\mu^2 h^2 D_j D_k + x_j x_k) + \right.$$

$$\left. b''_{jk}(x'', x''', \mu^{-1} h D'', h D''') \mu h (x_k D_j - x_j D_k) \right) f_j = f_k j \neq k$$

$$f_j = f_k + f_m f_j = 2f_k$$

$$\underline{\varepsilon} \text{ Sowechoose } \varepsilon = C\mu^{-1} \mu \leq h^{-1} |\log \mu|^{-1} \varepsilon = C(\mu^{-1} h |\log \mu|)^{\frac{1}{2}} d = 2, 3\varepsilon = C(\mu^{-1} h |\log \mu|)^{\frac{1}{2}} \mu \leq h^{-1} |\log \mu|^{-1} r = 1 \mu^{-1} h^{-1}$$