## FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS IN DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY FALL 2000 EXERCISES HANDOUT # 9

- 1. Show that  $S^3$  is diffeomorphic with SU(2), so that  $S^3$  is a Lie group. Let  $\mathcal{G} = T_e S^3$ . Find a presentation of  $\mathcal{G}$  as a Lie algebra.
- 2. Show that there is a one to one correspondence between
  - (a) Vector fields on M.
  - (b) Derivations  $C^{\infty}(M) \to C^{\infty}(M)$ .
- **3.** Let M be a smooth manifold. A flow on M is an action (in the category of smooth manifolds) of the group  $\mathbb{R}$  on M.

Show that if M is a compact manifold, then there is a one to one correspondence between flows and vector fields.

**4.** Let M be a smooth manifold and X,Y be vector fields that in a small trivial open set U are given by

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}$$
$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^{n} g_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}.$$

- (a) Compute [X,Y] in this local coordinate system.
- (b) Prove the following "geometric" interpretation of [X,Y] as the difference between flowing first along Y and then along X and flowing first along X and then along Y.

Suppose we work in the same trivial neighborhood U of a point p. So  $U \equiv \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $T_uU$  is identified naturally with  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . For a vector field Z define  $J_{Z,\epsilon}: U \to U$  by

$$J_{Z,\epsilon} \colon x \mapsto x + \epsilon Z(x)$$
.

Show that

$$[X,Y](p) = \lim_{\epsilon \to 0} \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} [J_{X,\epsilon} J_{Y,\epsilon} - J_{Y,\epsilon} J_{X,\epsilon}](p)$$

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