- Topic: Implicit differentiation, exponential and logarithms, related rates
- Homework: Watch videos 4.1 and 4.2 for Wednesday

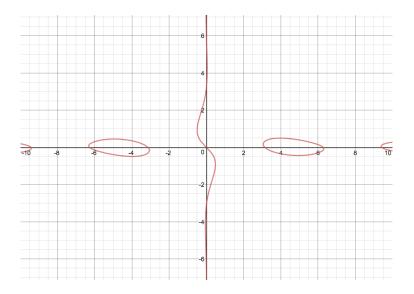
The equation

$$\sin(x+y) + xy^2 = 0$$

defines a function y = h(x) near (0, 0).

Compute:

- 1. *h*(0)
- 2. $h'(0) = \frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=0,y=0}$ 3. $h''(0) = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\Big|_{x=0,y=0}$ 4. $h'''(0) = \frac{d^3y}{dx^3}\Big|_{x=0,y=0}$



1. What is $\frac{dx}{dy}\Big|_{x=0,y=0}$? Make a guess from your previous work and check it by implicit differentiation.

2. What is
$$\frac{d^2x}{dy^2}\Big|_{x=0,y=0}$$
?

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Using the differentiation rules and

$$\frac{d}{dx}\sin(x)=\cos(x), \quad \frac{d}{dx}\cos(x)=-\sin(x).$$

Find:

1. $\frac{d}{dx} \tan(x)$ 2. $\frac{d}{dx} \cot(x)$ 3. $\frac{d}{dx} \sec(x)$ 4. $\frac{d}{dx} \csc(x)$

Compute the derivatives of the following:

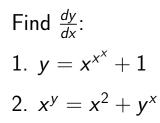
- 1. $\ln[e^x + \ln(\ln(x))]$
- 2. $2^{tan(x)}$

3. $\log_{x+1}(x^2+1)$ Hint: Try using a log identity first.

The derivative of x^x is:

a. *x*^{*x*-1}

- b. $ln(x)x^x$
- c. $(ln(x) + 1)x^{x}$



Typical related rates problems: If there is a relationship between quantities and you know how one quantity is changing (usually with respect to time), then how does the other quantity change?

Example: You are filling up a perfectly spherical balloon. You inflate it at a rate of 1000 cm^3/s . At what rate is the radius of the balloon changing when the radius of the balloon is 20cm?

The formula for the volume of a sphere is $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$.

A 10-meter long ladder is leaning against a vertical wall and sliding. The top end of the ladder is 8 meters high and sliding down at a rate of 1 meter per second. At what rate is the bottom end sliding away from the wall? The MAT137 TAs wanted to rent a disco ball for their upcoming Halloween party. However, since they are poor, they can only afford a flashlight. At the party, one TA is designated the "human disco ball". This TA stands in the centre of the room pointing the flashlight horizontally and spins at 3 revolutions per second. (YES, they are THAT fast.) The room is square with side length 8 meters. At what speed is the light from the flashlight moving across the wall when it is 2 meters away from a corner?

Let
$$f(x) = x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x}$$

- Calculate f'(x) for any $x \neq 0$.
- Using the definition of derivative, calculate f'(0).
- Is f continuous at 0?
- Is f differentiable at 0?
- Is f' continuous at 0?