MAT 137 Tutorial #14– Sequences July 24/25, 2019

- 1. Let $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be a sequence. Write down the formal definition of the following concepts. You have already seen some of these in lecture.
 - (a) The sequence is convergent.
 - (b) The sequence is divergent.
 - (c) The sequence is divergent to ∞ .
 - (d) The sequence is divergent to $-\infty$.
 - (e) The sequence is increasing.
 - (f) The sequence is decreasing.

- (g) The sequence is non-decreasing.
- (h) The sequence isn't decreasing.
- (i) The sequence is bounded above.
- (j) The sequence is not bounded above.
- (k) The sequence is bounded.

Hints:

Are all your variables introduced or properly quantified in Question 1a? Questions 1e, 1g and 1h all have different answers.

2. The following is a well-known result known as Stirling's formula:

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n!}{n^n e^{-n} \sqrt{2\pi n}} = 1$$

For this problem, you may assume we already know this formula is true. Use it to calculate the limits of the four sequences below.

(a)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n! e^n}{n^{n+1/2}}$$
(b)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(2n)!}{e^{-2n} (2n)^{2n} \sqrt{n}}$$
(c)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(2n)! \sqrt{n}}{n!^2 4^n}$$
(d)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{n!}}{n}$$